

# Blakedown CE Primary Computing Progression



	<u>Year l</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	Year 3	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Year 6</u>		
Computer Systems and Networks								
	main parts -To use a mouse in different ways -To use a keyboard to type on a computer	school -To identify information technology beyond school -To explain how information technology helps us -To explain how to use information	runction To identify input and output devices To recognise how digital devices can change the way we work To explain how a computer network can be used to share information To explore how digital devices can be connected To recognise the physical components of a network	-To recognise how networked devices make up the internet -To outline how websites can be shared via the World Wide Web (WWW) -To describe how content can be added and accessed on the World Wide Web (WWW)	connected together to porm systems -To recognise the role op computer systems in our lives -To experiment with search engines -To describe how search engines select results -To explain how search results are ranked -To recognise why the order op results is important, and to whom	internet addresses' -To recognise how data is transperred across the internet -To explain how sharing inpormation online can help people to work together -To evaluate dipperent ways of working together online -To recognise how we		



## Blakedown CE Primary MATHS Progression



Creating Media							
<u> </u>	-To describe what different	-To use a digital device to take	-To explain that animation is a	-To identify that sound can be	-To explain what makes a video	-To review an existing website and	
	preehand tools do	a pholograph	sequence of drawings or pholographs		effective	consider its structure	
	-To use the shape tool and the	-To make choices when taking	-To relate animated movement with a	-To explain that audio recordings can		-To plan the features of a web	
	line tools	a pholograph		be edited	can record video	page	
	-To make careful choices when	-To describe what makes a	-To plan an animation	-To recognise the different parts of	-To capture video using a range op	, 0	
	painting a digital picture	good pholograph	-To identify the need to work	creating a podcast project	techniques	use of images (copyright)	
	-To explain why I chose the	-To decide how pholographs	consistently and carefully	-To apply audio editing skills	-To create a storyboard	-To recognise the need to preview	
	tools I used	can be improved	-To review and improve an animation		-To identify that video can be	pages	
	-To use a computer on my own	-To use tools to change an	-To evaluate the impact of adding	-To combine audio to enhance my	improved through reshooting and	-To oulline the need for a	
	to paint a picture	image	other media to an animation	podcast project	editing	navigation path	
	-To compare painting a picture	-To recognise that photos can	-To recognise how text and images	-To evaluate the effective use of	-To consider the impact of the	-To recognise the implications of	
	on a computer and on paper	be changed	convey information	audio	choices made when making and	linking to content owned by other	
	-To use a computer to write	-To say how music can make	-To recognise that text and layout can	-To explain that the composition of	sharing a video	people	
	-To add and remove text on a	us feel	be edited	digital images can be changed	-To identify that drawing tools can	-To recognise that you can work in	
	computer	-To identify that there are	-To choose appropriate page settings	-To explain that colours can be	be used to produce different	three dimensions on a computer	
	-To identify that the look of text	patterns in music	-To add content to a desktop	changed in digital images	oułcomes	-To identify that digital 3D objects	
	can be changed on a computer	-To experiment with sound	publishing publication	-To explain how cloning can be used	-To create a vector drawing by	can be modified	
	-To make careful choices when	using a computer	-To consider how different layouts	in photo editing	combining shapes	-To recognise that objects can be	
	changing text	-To use a computer to create a	can suit different purposes	-To explain that images can be	-To use tools to achieve a desired	combined in a 3D model	
	-To explain why ${ m I}$ used the tools	musical pattern	-To consider the benefits of desktop	combined	effect	-To create a 3D model for a given	
	łhał I chose	-To create music for a purpose	publishing	-To combine images for a purpose	-To recognise that vector drawings	purpose	
	-To compare typing on a	-To review and refine our		-To evaluate how changes can	consist of layers	-To plan my own 3D model	
	computer to writing on paper	computer work		improve an image	-To group objects to make them	-To create my own digital 3D	
					easier to work with	model	
					-To apply what I have learned		
					about vector drawings		
Programming							
	-To explain what a given command	-To describe a series of	-To explore a new programming	-To identify that accuracy in	-To control a simple circuit	-To define a 'variable' as	
		instructions as a sequence		programming is important	connected to a computer	something that is changeable	
	-To act out a given word	-To explain what happens when we	-To identify that commands have an	-To create a program in a text-based	-To write a program that includes	-To explain why a variable is used	
	-To combine forwards and	change the order of instructions	oułcome	language	count-controlled loops	in a program	
	oackwards commands to make a	-To use logical reasoning to predict	-To explain that a program has a	-To explain what 'repeat' means	-To explain that a loop can stop	-To choose how to improve a game	
		the outcome of a program	start	-To modify a count-controlled loop to		by using variables	
	-To combine four direction	-To explain that programming	-To recognise that a sequence of	produce a given outcome	-To design a physical project that	-To design a project that builds on	
	commands to make sequences	projects can have code and artwork		-To decompose a łask inło small słeps		a given example	
	-To plan a simple program	-To design an algorithm	-To change the appearance of my	-To create a program that uses count-		. • •	
	-To find more than one solution to a		project	controlled loops to produce a given	a physical compuling project	projeck	
		that I have written	-To create a project from a task	oułcome	-To explain how selection is used	-To evaluate my project	
	-To choose a command for a given	-To explain that a sequence of	description	-To develop the use of count-	in computer programs	-To create a program to run on a	
	ourpose	commands has a start	-To explain how a sprite moves in an	controlled loops in a different	-To relake khak a condikional	controllable device	

-To identify the effect of changing a value -To explain that each sprite has its own instructions -To design the parts of a project -To use my algorithm to create a	commands has an outcome -To create a program using a given design -To change a given design -To create a program using my own design -To decide how my project can be improved	-To create a program to move a sprite in four directions -To adapt a program to a new context -To develop my program by adding features -To identify and fix bugs in a program -To design and create a maze-based challenge	To explain that in programming there are injinite loops and count controlled loops To develop a design that includes two or more loops which run at the same time To modify an infinite loop in a given	an outcome  To explain how selection directs the flow of a program  To design a program which uses selection  To create a program which uses selection  To create my program	To explain that selection can control the plow of a program To update a variable with a user input To use a conditional statement to compare a variable to a value To design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable device To develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a
counted	-To recognise that we can count and compare objects using tally charts	-To create questions with yes/no answers -To identify the attributes needed to collect data about an object	-To create a project that includes repetition  -To explain that data gathered over time can be used to answer questions -To use a digital device to collect data automatically	-To use a form to record information -To compare paper and computer-	controllable device -To create a data set in a spreadsheet -To build a data set in a
-To count objects with the same properties -To compare groups of objects -To answer questions about groups of objects	-To recognise that objects can be represented as pictures -To create a pictogram -To select objects by attribute and make comparisons -To recognise that people can be described by attributes -To explain that we can present information using a computer	branching dałabase	-To identify the data needed to answer questions -To use data from sensors to answer questions	-To outline how you can answer questions by grouping and then sorting data -To explain that tools can be used to select specific data -To explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visually	an event -To choose suitable ways to
				-To use a real-world dałabase ło answer queskions	

### **EYFS**

Reception

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

Show resilience and perseverance in the face of a challenge.

Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: -sensible amounts of 'screen time'.

Physical Development

Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.

Expressive Arts and Design

Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.

#### <u>ELG</u>

Personal, Social and Emolional Development

Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.

Expressive Arts and Design

 $Safely \ use \ and \ explore \ a \ variety \ of \ materials, \ tools \ and \ techniques, \ experimenting \ with \ colour, \ design, \ texture, \ form \ and \ function.$